

# PLEASANT VIEW PROCLAIMER

July 14, 2024

## Welcome!



*"My voice You shall hear in the morning, O Lord; in the morning I will direct it to You, and I will look up"*

Join us at 5:00pm for Bible Bowl practice over 2 Samuel 8, 9, & 10!

And at...

6:00pm for worship in song!

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## Prayer List

**Darinda Paul's** cancer has progressed, and she will be starting radiation this week

**Mamie Hamilton** is doing better.

**Brian West** is undergoing chemo for cancer

**Alan Wilkerson** is doing better

Continue to pray for: **Ronnie Mayo, Levi Bearden, Rebecca Brown, Hunter Crouch, Burt Wilkerson, Donnie Garrett, Keith Walker** and family, **Forshia Pennington, Carol Saling, Camille Brosky**, those in **Ukraine**; **John Hayes**, and **Bill Gillock**

### **Summer Series 2024**

Our Summer Series continues **THIS Wednesday Night (7/17)** at 7pm and runs throughout July. Please make plans to attend and invite your friends and neighbors.

*We invite everyone to join us Wednesday night at 7pm for a lesson from Leslie Chapman*

## Serving Today

**Song Leader:**  
Jeff Baker

SUNDAY SCHOOL (9:30 am)

**Scripture Reading:**  
Charlie Baker

**Prayer:**  
David Billingsley

WORSHIP (10:30 am)

**Scripture Reading:**  
Jearmie Gupton  
*II Samuel 10:12*

**Wait On Table:**  
Dwight Pennington

**Serve:**  
Doug Demonbreun  
Johnny Waker

**Prayer:**  
Jared Roaden

## Service Times

Sunday Bible Study	9:30 am
Sunday AM Worship	10:30 am
Sunday PM Worship	6:00 pm
Wednesday Bible Study	7:00 pm

## Follow Us



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**Note:** The phrase “after this” (8:1; 10:1), does not necessarily imply these events are in chronological order (see NIV84).

**David’s A \_\_\_\_\_ (8:1-14)** This is a summary of David’s military conquests of the territories surrounding Israel. It is under David’s rule that Israel finally realizes the full extent of the promise to Abraham in **Genesis 15:18**. It is possible many (or all) of these events took place before God made the covenant with David in chapter **7:11-16**:

- **Philistines (8:1 - West)** David took Gath. Could be a summary of the events recorded in **5:17-25**.
- **Moab (8:2 - East)** David executes  $\frac{2}{3}$  of their army and leaves the remaining  $\frac{1}{3}$  to serve him and pay tribute. The Moabites are descendants of Lot (**Gen 19:37-38**).
- **Zobah (8:3-4, 7-8 - North)** David defeated Hadadezer (son of king Rehob). He took 1,000 chariots, 700 horsemen, and 20,000 foot soldiers. He hamstringed all their horses, only leaving enough for 100 chariots.
- **Syria / Aram (8:5-6, 13 - Northeast)** David killed 22,000 Syrians who came to help Hadadezer and left a garrison in Syria. He also killed 18,000 Syrians in the Valley of Salt.
- **Hamath (8:9-10 - North)** King Toi and his son Joram paid silver, gold, and bronze tribute to David.
- **Edom (8:14 - Southeast)** David placed a garrison here. They were descendants of Esau (**Gen 25:30; 36:1**)

Through all these conquests, it says that “The Lord preserved David wherever he went...” (**8:6, 14**). It also records that David dedicated all the tribute received to God (**8:11-12**).

**David’s A \_\_\_\_\_ (8:15-18)** - This is a brief summary of David’s cabinet, which includes:

**Joab** – Over David’s army  
(**2 Sam 20:13; 1 Chr 27:34**)

**Jehoshaphat** – Recorder  
(**2 Sam 20:24; 1 Kgs 4:3; 1 Chr 18:15**)

**Seraiah** – Scribe

**Zadok and Ahimelech** – Priests. Ahimelech gave holy bread to David (**1 Sam 21:6-9**). His inclusion may be a scribal error as he died upon Saul’s orders in **1 Sam 22:18**. Abiathar, his son, survived the slaughter (**1 Sam 22:20**) and became a priest (**1 Sam 30:7**). Two other lists of David’s priests include Abiathar (**2 Sam 20:25; 1 Kings 4:4**). Zadok’s family dominates the priesthood until the exile (**Ezekiel 40:46**)

**Benaiah** – Over Cherethites and Pelethites (Foreign mercenaries who were David’s bodyguards - **23:22-23**)

**David’s A \_\_\_\_\_ (9:1-13)** - David seeks out a descendant of Saul’s household in order to keep the promises he made to Jonathan (**1 Sam 20:15**) and Saul (**1 Sam 24:21-22**). He is led by Ziba to Mephibosheth (**4:4**) who is the son of Jonathan that was lame in both feet. He has been living in the house of Machir the son of Ammiel, at Lo-debar. David gave him back the land belonging to Saul and allowed him to eat at his table. Ziba becomes the manager of Mephibosheth’s estate who will later try to deceive both him and David. David provides a great example of: Keeping a promise (**Matt 5:37**); Deferring to God’s will (**1 Sam 24:6; Prov 3:34; James 4:6**); and showing kindness (**Eph 4:32; Luke 6:35**).

**A \_\_\_\_\_ of David’s Men (10:1-19)** - Nahash, king of the Ammonites (Descendants of Lot - **Gen 19:37-38**) dies and David sends servants to show loyalty as Nahash had shown loyalty to David. Nahash had previously been defeated by Saul when he tried to besiege Jabesh-gilead (**1 Sam 11:1-11**). Nahash’s son Hanun receives bad advice and accuses them of trying to spy out his city. Hanun dishonors David’s servants by cutting off half their beards and their garments “in the middle”. The Ammonites receive help from Syria to defend themselves from David. This includes 20,000 soldiers from Beth Rehob & Zoba[h], 1,000 soldiers from Maacah, and 12,000 soldiers from Ish-Tob.

The Syrians defend the field while the Ammonites defend the city gates. Israel divides their army between Joab and Abishai. Joab engaged the Syrians while Abishai engaged the Ammonites. Joab tells Abishai to “**Be of good courage, and let us be strong for our people and for the cities of our God. And may the LORD do what is good in His sight.**” Both armies fled before Israel. David engages Hadadezer and Shobach (Commander of his army) at Helam. In this battle David defeated 700 charioteers and 40,000 horsemen. He killed Shobach and all the kings of Syria made peace with David. From this point forward, Syria was afraid to bring aid to Ammon.